APPENDIX—CHANCERY LAWS.

CHAP. 88.

virtue of this act, his or her heir or heirs, devisce or representative, shall appear in the chancery court at any time within eighteen calendar months from the date of the decree, and require a review of the same, the chancellor, upon a bill filed by such person, his heir or heirs, devisee or representative, shall proceed to an examination of the matters in dispute, and to a final decree, in the same manner as if the said person had originally appeared before him.

And on applica-

2. And BE IT ENACTED, That the chancellor shall have power tion decree a sale, and authority, on application already made, or hereafter to be made, by bill or petition, and after summoning and hearing the person or persons proper to be made defendant or defendants, or after such proceedings against him, her or them, as would entitle the complainant or complainants to a decree in other cases, to decree the sale of any equitable title or claim to land, in any case in which he might on application decree the sale of a legal complete title, and the purchaser or purchasers of such equitable title from a trustee or trustees, to be appointed in the same manner, and on the same terms, as other trustees for sale of land are appointed. shall, in consequence of such purchase, and a conveyance to be made by the said trustee or trustees, stand in the place of the person or persons in whom was the said contable title at the time of the decree, and shall be entitled to such remedy against any party or parties as the said person or persons might have had.

Creditor may pray a subposna, &v.

3. And BE IT ENACTED, That any creditor or creditors, who have made or shall make application to the chancellor by bill or petition, for the sale of any land which bath descended or been devised to an infant or infants, for the payment of the debts of the ancestor or devisor, who had only an equitable interest or title in the said land, may pray and obtain a subpæna against the person or persons having the legal title to the said land, in case such person or persons be resident of the state, or give such notice of the bill or petition as the chancellor shall direct, in case such person or persons be not resident of the state; and on summoning and hearing of all parties concerned, or on such proceedings against the defendant as are proper to entitle the complainant or complainants to a decree in other cases, the chancellor shall have power to decree, as shall appear to him just to all parties; and if it shall appear to him, that no money is due for the land from the person or persons who had the equitable claim or title aforesaid to the person or persons having the legal title, he shall decree a sale of the whole interest, estate and title, of all parties to the land aforesaid, and direct the money arising from the sale to be applied to the discharge of the just debts of the ancestor or devisor aforesaid; but if it shall appear to the chancellor, that the person or persons having the legal title, have not been paid the whole money contracted to be paid to him, her or them. the chancellor shall not decree a sale of more than the equitable title aforesaid, without the consent of the party or parties having the legal title, or without providing that the debt for the land shall be wholly paid.

With consent, a commission may

4. AND BE IT ENACTED, That hereafter, with the consent of both parties to any cause in the court of chancery, a commission for taking depositions may issue to one person, instead of four persons, now required by law, or by the usage and practice of chancery, and that any one person to whom such commission shall be di-